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Beam to-Column-Connections with Composite Beams

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This research deals with the contribution of reinforced concrete slab of composite beams on the strength and the deformation capacity of steel beam-to-column connections subjected to seismic loading.

Dimension and configuration of specimens are shown in figure 1 and table 1. Relative yield strength of panel-zone to that of adjoining members is expressed marks "Rpy" and "sRpy" in table 1. Those are considered to be the key parameter on the evaluations of strength, deformation capacity and energy absorption of beam-to-column connections.

Figures 4a-4c are the summary of representative relations between load and shear deformation of panel-zone. Vertical axis represents the ratio of load to calculated yield strength of beam-to-column connection composed of bare steel beams and column, while horizontal axis represents the ratio of shear deformation of panel-zone to calculated yield shear deformation. Dotted lines in figures 4a-4c show the test results of beam-to-column connections of the same configuration without concrete slab. The reinforcing effect of steel beam-tocolumn connections by the reinforced concrete slabs of composite beam is illustrated.

A model to take the effect of concrete slab into consideration is proposed in figure 5. In this model, the strength of panel-zone is considered to increase by the enlargement of nominal volume of panel-zone as shown in the figure 5. Relation between "sRpy" (relative yield strength of panel-zone to that of adjoining steel members) and strength, deformation capacity and energy absorption are shown in figures 6a-6d with the other test results of beam-tocolumn connections composed of bare steel beams and column. The empirical formulas in figures 6a-6d are obtained by regression analyses on the test results of beam-to-column connections composed of bare steel beams and column. Shiftings to the estimated results of yield strength of enlarged panel-zone are indicated by arrows. The seismic behavior of steel beam-to-column connections with composite beams can be evaluated by making use of the model in figure 5 and empirical formulas in figures 6a-6d.





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POSTERS

1177