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Sweeping majorities and a united Switzerland

ties of three to one and more, voters on European integration. rejected the two popular initiatives submitted to them and approved aboli- even more savage blow with the defeat tion of the gunpowder monopoly. And of their popular initiative "For a profor once all the cantons voted the same hibition on exporting war materials", way. Voter participation was relatively which was found acceptable by less than low, at just under 35%.

"Negotiations on joining the EU: let the people decide". This was launched by the government to the people the right to goods.

Referendum result

Popular initiative "Negotiations on joining the EU: let the people decide!"

YES 417,932 (26,1%) NO 1.188,029 (73.9%) All cantons

Popular initiative "For a prohibition exporting war materials" YES 362,777 (22,7%) NO 1.241.994 (77.3%) All cantons

Federal decree on the abolition of the gunpowder prerogative YES 1,267,420 (82.2%) All cantons NO 275,780 (17.8%)

Voter participation: 35%

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Switzerland has rarely presented itself decide on whether to start negotiations as so united as in the federal referen- with Brussels to join the EU - did not dums of June 8. With sweeping majori- succeed in turning it into a referendum

The Social Democrats were given an one voter in four - with 77.3% voting 74% said NO to the popular initiative NO. Although the Social Democrats had the pacifists and people devoted to third-world causes on their side, they the Swiss Democrats and the Ticino relinquished the support of the trades League following the lodging of Swit- unions - and this turned out to be fatal. zerland's application to join the Euro- The question of jobs played a decisive pean Union in May 1992, but it was role in the broad front which formed not supported by the anti-Europeans against the Social Democrat initiative. grouped around Zurich National Coun- In any case, the government and parliacillor Christophe Blocher. This meant ment had undermined it by strengthenthat those who launched the initiative - ing existing legislation controlling the which was aimed at transferring from export of war materials and "dual use"

82.2% of voters supported the desire of the government and parliament to abolish the gunpowder monopoly, which was set up almost 150 years ago when federal Switzerland was founded.



Switzerland can continue exporting war materials. Voters rejected the arms export prohibition initiative with a big majority. (Photo: Keystone)

forgotten that there will have to be a

referendum to ratify a treaty to join the

Left-wingers shared the failure of the

right-wingers in this set of referendums.

It is true that the crushing defeat of the

left-wing initiative to prohibit the export

of war materials - which received less

than one vote in four - will not make all

that difference. For In any case new

legislation - in tune with the needs of

the times and more severe than the old -

will soon come into force with substan-

tial popular support. In spite of this, how-

ever, the Social Democrats - and theirs

is Switzerland's biggest party - should

think very carefully about what happen-

ed to them on June 8. They ignored

warnings from the trades unions, and as

a result they were soundly trounced by

the electorate. A sweeping majority of

voters took the view that those defending

jobs were acting in their interests.

Pierre-André Tschanz

EU in any case.

Commentary

In the federal referendums of June 8, Swiss voters rejected the views of extremists of two different colours, and at the same time they for once gave the governresults themselves were expected, but not the enormous majorities. The nationalist

League were hoping that the supposed anti-European integration reflex of

the government's policy on that issue. But the reflex was just not there. Swiss voters showed that they understood the alarmist character of the initiative and the harmful consequences that a success for the nationalist right-wing would ment and parliament their trust. The have. The result has a dual significance. It means that in European policy the door remains open for every possible right-wing and the pacifist left-wing course of action, including that of evenboth looked very small the morning tual membership of the European Union - which is what the government wants. It The Swiss Democrats and the Ticino also means that the present mechanisms of direct democracy allowing voters to express their wishes will not have to be Swiss voters would deal a death blow to changed in any way. It should not be

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Press review

The day after the June 8 referendums, the Swiss press showed greatest interest in the huge majorities. Top place was given to the failure of the Social Democrat initiative "For a prohibition on exporting war materials".

Berner Tagwacht

"Today, Switzerland is struggling for respect abroad. The picture of humanitarian Switzerland has been shattered. In spite of that, it has not been possible to link our own past - arms deliveries to the Axis powers, for example - to current politics. We shall have to see whether with its new legislation for controlling war materials and dual-use goods Switzerland will be able to conduct a foreign policy which will still be standing in fifty years time."

Basler Zeitung

"The Social Democrat initiative was really based on isolationist considerations, for what it meant was 'Don't get mixed up in foreign trade'. Seen like that, the initiative was a relic of the Cold War. It went far beyond the idea of a Swiss Blue Helmet contingent (rejected in June 1994) and the Federal Council's 1990 report on security

Rene Zürcher Zeitung

"The referendum result not only indicates support for the arms exports policy at present being followed; but it also brings evidence of trust in Switzerland as a business location. The necesfrom this also."

LÜZERNER ZEITUNG

"In view of the economic situation reigning at the moment, the few of those entitled to vote who actually did so were not prepared to bring about further uncertainty.'

JOURNAL DE GENEVE

"In is true that worries about the economic situation may begin to explain the result, but they should not be seen as the only cause of the huge majority."

Federal referendums

September 28, 1997

- Urgent federal decree on financing the unemployment insurance
- Popular initiative "Youth without drugs"

November 23, 1997

March 15, 1998 June 7, 1998 September 27, 1998 November 29, 1998 Subjects not yet decided

LE NOUVEAU QUOTIDIEN

"In working for a prohibition of arms exports, the Social Democrats wanted to make Switzerland into an ethical model. But this would be to distinguish it from other countries at the expense of the economy. Voters did not accept this naive and moralising attempt to be an-

LA LIBERTÉ

"What a rout! Those against arms exports suffered a defeat which was both devastating and unexpected in its proportions... It is a slap in the face for its social democrat and pacifist initiators."

Giornale del Popolo

"The Swiss are not fanatics - not even on Europe. Accepting the initiative 'Negotiations on joining the EU: let the people decide' would have robbed us of the possibility of weighing up in full independence the arguments for and against in such an important matter. And it would also have weakened Switsary consequences should be drawn zerland's negotiating position with Brussels substantially. At a time marked by high unemployment and in the midst of a severe economic crisis, Switzerland cannot afford to be bound in this way. It is a matter of common sense and our responsibility towards future gene-

CORRIERE DEL TICINO

"It may be assumed that a majority of voters did not wish to throw the present decision-making mechanism into the dustbin and allow themselves to be led by emotion rather than precise knowledge of the facts - and this even before negotiations are taken up." PAT

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