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- (i) The function f is continuous along that portion of the curves $\{x_1 = q_1(u_1+t, u_2, \dots, u_n), \dots, x_n = q_n(u_1+t, u_2, \dots, u_n)\}, \dots, \{x_1 = q_1(u_1, \dots, u_{n-1}, u_n+t), \dots, x_n = q_n(u_1, \dots, u_{n-1}, u_n+t)\}$ which lie in G , for every (u_1, \dots, u_n) in $T(G)$.
- (ii) For each permissible ¹⁾ value of $(u_1, \dots, u_{i-1}, u_{i+1}, \dots, u_n)$ in R^{n-1} the function $f(q_1(u_1, \dots, u_n), \dots, q_n(u_1, \dots, u_n))$ is a monotonic function of u_i , the direction of monotonicity being dependent upon the choice of the point $(u_1, \dots, u_{i-1}, u_{i+1}, \dots, u_n)$ in R^{n-1} ; all for $i = 1, \dots, n$. Then $f(x_1, \dots, x_n)$ is continuous in G .

Corollary 2: Let $f(x_1, \dots, x_n)$ be a real valued function defined on an open set $G \subseteq R^n$ and let $v_i = (\lambda_{i,1}, \dots, \lambda_{i,n})$ ($i=1, \dots, n$) be linearly independent vectors in R^n . If the function f is continuous along that portion of every line passing through G and parallel to v_i ($i=1, \dots, n$), and f is monotonic along each of these lines (the direction of monotonicity depending upon the choice of line), then $f(x_1, \dots, x_n)$ is continuous in G .

REFERENCES

- [1] KRUSE, R. L. and J. J. DEELY, "Joint Continuity of Monotonic Functions, *Amer Math. Monthly*, 7» (1969), pg. (74-76).

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¹⁾ Permissible values of $(u_1, \dots, u_{i-1}, u_{i+1}, \dots, u_n)$ in R^{n-1} being those for which $(u_1, \dots, u_n) \in T(G)$.