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Additional remarks.

In May 1931 I had opportunity to analyse many beech wood types in southern Subcarpathian Russia. Of utmost interest are some beech woods at very low altitudes; so there are, for instance, near Chust, above the river Tisa, hills covered with natural beech woods which, at an altitude of 165 meters, show distinctly mountainous character. Thus, on the foot of Kobyla (615 m), at an altitude of 165 m, I found close to the river Tisa an old virgin beech forest, mixed with *Fraxinus excelsior*, *Ulmus montana*, *Acer campestre*, *A. pseudoplatanus*, *A. platanoides*, *Tilia ulmifolia*, *T. platyphylla*, *Corylus avellana* (in tree form). In a ravine near the river the soil is wet, and covered with a continuous luxuriant herbaceous undergrowth of the following composition:

<i>Aegopodium podagraria</i> scat.	<i>Impatiens noli tangere</i> very ab.
<i>Aruncus silvester</i> ab.	<i>Lamium luteum</i> ab.
<i>Asarum europaeum</i> ab. scat.	<i>Lunaria rediviva</i> ab.
<i>Asperula odorata</i> ab.	<i>Melandryum silvestre</i> scat.
<i>Carex silvatica</i> scat.	<i>Mercurialis perennis</i> ab. scat.
<i>Cerastium silvaticum</i> scat.	<i>Milium effusum</i> ab. scat.
<i>Chaerophyllum aromaticum</i> scat.	<i>Myosotis palustris</i> scat.
<i>Chelidonium majus</i> only scat.	<i>Oxalis acetosella</i> only scat. in
<i>Chrysosplenium alternifolium</i> scat.	small col.
<i>Circaea lutetiana</i> scat.	<i>Phyllitis scolopendrium</i> scat.
<i>Corydalis fabacea</i> scat.	<i>Polygonatum multiflorum</i> ab. scat.
<i>Dentaria glandulosa</i> ab. scat.	<i>Polystichum lobatum</i> scat.
<i>Dentaria bulbifera</i> scat.	<i>Polystichum Braunii</i> scat.
<i>Dipsacus pilosus</i> loc. in col.	<i>Salvia glutinosa</i> scat.
<i>Doronicum austriacum</i> ab.	<i>Scopolia carniolica</i> greg.
<i>Dryopteris filix mas</i> scat.	<i>Stachys silvatica</i> scat.
<i>Epilobium montanum</i> only scat.	<i>Stellaria nemorum</i> scat.
<i>Ficaria verna</i> in col.	<i>Symphytum cordatum</i> very ab.
<i>Galium Schultesii</i> ab. enough	<i>Symphytum tuberosum</i> only scat.
<i>Geranium Robertianum</i> only scat.	<i>Symphytum cordatum</i> × <i>tuberosum</i> scat.
<i>Glechoma hirsuta</i> ab. enough	<i>Veronica urticifolia</i> ab. scat.

On a northern slope of a low range between Berehovo and Čop there is near Zapsoň a natural beech wood descending to about 110 meters altitude.

In our Eastern Carpathians beech forests with dominant *Aposeris foetida* are scattered. They seem to indicate a more acid soil and occur either in damp humous soil or on rather drier, degraded soils.

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(For further references — to 1922 — see my Plant Sociology and from 1922 on the Bibliography published in «Preslia»).

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