

Aroma biotechnology [Ralf G. Berger]

Autor(en): **Bosset, J.O.**

Objekttyp: **BookReview**

Zeitschrift: **Mitteilungen aus dem Gebiete der Lebensmitteluntersuchung und Hygiene = Travaux de chimie alimentaire et d'hygiène**

Band (Jahr): **87 (1996)**

Heft 2

PDF erstellt am: **22.07.2024**

Nutzungsbedingungen

Die ETH-Bibliothek ist Anbieterin der digitalisierten Zeitschriften. Sie besitzt keine Urheberrechte an den Inhalten der Zeitschriften. Die Rechte liegen in der Regel bei den Herausgebern. Die auf der Plattform e-periodica veröffentlichten Dokumente stehen für nicht-kommerzielle Zwecke in Lehre und Forschung sowie für die private Nutzung frei zur Verfügung. Einzelne Dateien oder Ausdrucke aus diesem Angebot können zusammen mit diesen Nutzungsbedingungen und den korrekten Herkunftsbezeichnungen weitergegeben werden. Das Veröffentlichen von Bildern in Print- und Online-Publikationen ist nur mit vorheriger Genehmigung der Rechteinhaber erlaubt. Die systematische Speicherung von Teilen des elektronischen Angebots auf anderen Servern bedarf ebenfalls des schriftlichen Einverständnisses der Rechteinhaber.

Haftungsausschluss

Alle Angaben erfolgen ohne Gewähr für Vollständigkeit oder Richtigkeit. Es wird keine Haftung übernommen für Schäden durch die Verwendung von Informationen aus diesem Online-Angebot oder durch das Fehlen von Informationen. Dies gilt auch für Inhalte Dritter, die über dieses Angebot zugänglich sind.

Bücher – Livres

Aroma Biotechnology

Ralf G. Berger

Springer, Berlin – Heidelberg – New York – Barcelona – Budapest – Hong Kong –
London – Milan – Paris – Tokyo 1995. X, 240 p.

DM 186.–, £ 81.–, FF 701.–, öS 1450.80, sFr. 175.– (ISBN 3-540-586066-7)

Food scientists, and even food microbiologists, frequently associate microorganisms with substandard quality, spoilage or the presence of off-flavour. However, the application of empirical food biotechnology has resulted in the achievement of high quality drinks or foods, whose typical aroma profiles are highly appreciated by consumers. Some examples of this would be beer, wine, vinegar, bakery goods, cultured milks, cheese, fermented vegetables, meat and fish products. Such historical developments were until recently the roots of modern food technology. Recent progresses in fungal and plant biotechnology, enzyme technology, genetic engineering, bioprocess monitoring and product recovery techniques offer novel approaches and opportunities for the biogenesis of flavour components. Aroma biotechnology opens access to «natural» volatile and non volatile flavours. As «natural» aromas, they are especially valuable for use in foods, cosmetics and related products.

This book is intended to provide guidance in this rapidly growing area of food biotechnology. Instead of searching through a lot of reference sources such as conference proceedings, journals of enzymology, plant science, mycology, chemical engineering, sensory science, molecular biology or highly specialised and dedicated books such as «Food Biotechnology: Microorganisms» (authors: Hui and Khachatourians, edited by VCH Weinheim, 1995), the reader will find a general and valuable overview on this topic. A remarkable effort has been made to stress the most recent developments in this topic, and to quote the most up-to-date literature. Key references are included for each subject area to facilitate access to information published before 1990.

The book is divided into twelve chapters. The author begins with the classification, functions, and bioactivities of aroma compounds. The second chapter is devoted to the aroma aspects of traditional food biotechnologies reconsidered as a starting point for future developments. The next chapter highlights multiples motives for these developments in aroma biotechnology. The fourth chapter covers concisely the laboratory requirements and techniques available. The fifth chapter describes some aroma compounds from microbial *de novo* synthesis. The sixth chapter gives some examples of biotransformations and bioconversions. Enzyme technology is treated in the next chapter. A chapter on genetically altered catalysts provides a picture of possible aroma applications. Plant catalysts are reviewed in a

further chapter. The tenth chapter covers the bioprocess technology, and the eleventh depicts possible future industrial applications. The final chapter discusses future trends, and contains nearly a thousand references (grouped by chapter) as well as a detailed index. Every chapter includes numerous tables and figures.

This excellent volume provides a broad base in the science and methodology of aroma biotechnology. As a professional reference book, it targets the following readers: food manufacturing companies, food ingredient and additive suppliers as well as government and academic units involved in laboratory research and development. This book is also suitable for teachers and students, both undergraduate and graduate, in departments of food science, food technology, food engineering, food chemistry, microbiology, applied molecular genetics, and, of course, biotechnology. By including all the principles of aroma biotechnology under one cover, it also aims to encourage interdisciplinary cross-fertilisation of approaches and methods among different areas of R & D.

J.O. Bosset