

Zeitschrift: Schatzkästlein : Pestalozzi-Kalender
Herausgeber: Pro Juventute
Band: - (1981)

Rubrik: Englisch

Nutzungsbedingungen

Die ETH-Bibliothek ist die Anbieterin der digitalisierten Zeitschriften. Sie besitzt keine Urheberrechte an den Zeitschriften und ist nicht verantwortlich für deren Inhalte. Die Rechte liegen in der Regel bei den Herausgebern beziehungsweise den externen Rechteinhabern. [Siehe Rechtliche Hinweise.](#)

Conditions d'utilisation

L'ETH Library est le fournisseur des revues numérisées. Elle ne détient aucun droit d'auteur sur les revues et n'est pas responsable de leur contenu. En règle générale, les droits sont détenus par les éditeurs ou les détenteurs de droits externes. [Voir Informations légales.](#)

Terms of use

The ETH Library is the provider of the digitised journals. It does not own any copyrights to the journals and is not responsible for their content. The rights usually lie with the publishers or the external rights holders. [See Legal notice.](#)

Download PDF: 18.04.2025

ETH-Bibliothek Zürich, E-Periodica, <https://www.e-periodica.ch>

Englisch

Iron Ration

of the English Verbs

try hard!

think hard!

good better best

never let it rest

till the better is best

1.

can may must shall will

wrong: I can English

correct: I know English

I can speak English fairly well. Can I open this? (... able to). He cannot come. He can't go. I can hardly wait. You may read this sentence again.

Mary may not be here. Yes, you may go. May I help you? That book may be yours. (Maybe) you're right.

We all must work hard. Must he really copy all this? Each man must carry his own load.

Shall we take the bus or train? You will find out soon. Bob should not smoke. Wouldn't you like to go? He will not let me pass. Will you go with me? He will try hard. He hardly will come. I'll not go unless you go too.

2.

to have to be to do

Daddy has a bad headache. Has James lost his key? We still have plenty of time. They had a good time. I haven't had any lunch.

To be or not to be, that is the question. It is true. Isn't she lovely? She was not so tall as I. What's the matter with you, aren't you happy? I am fond of reading. We are going to eat now. Why isn't he going to finish his work? Am I sure? His health is good.

He always does his work well. Did she come too? I don't believe it. Do it! We have done it ten times today. Where did you say you would go? Do I look like her? I do not know whether I shall come.

Write what you see

Find the proper words which fit (match) the above drawings.

To hear, speak, eat, see, smell, listen to, stand, neeze, sing, blow the n..., smile, work, look at, taste, hold, spell, take, sleep, open, laugh, recognize, lift, try to, weep, read, whistle, make, drink, write, shake, shut, tell, show, run, rest, etc.

a)

Infinitive	Past	Past Participle	
cost	cost	cost	kosten (Geld)
cut	cut	cut	schneiden
bid	bid	bid	meist bieten
hit	hit	hit	schlagen
hurt	hurt	hurt	verletzen, weh tun
let	let	let	lassen, vermieten
put	put	put	stellen, legen
set	set	set	setzen, stellen
shut	shut	shut	schliessen

b)

bend	bent	bent	sich biegen, spannen
bind	bound	bound	binden
build	built	built	bauen
bring	brought	brought	bringen
burn	burnt(r)	burnt(r)	brennen
buy	bought	bought	kaufen
catch	caught	caught	fangen
cling	clung	clung	sich anklammern
creep	crept	crept	kriechen
dwell	dwelt(r)	dwelt(r)	wohnen
dig	dug	dug	graben
dream	dreamt(r)	dreamt(r)	träumen
feed	fed	fed	füttern
feel	felt	felt	fühlen
fight	fought	fought	fechten
find	found	found	finden
flee	fled	fled	fliehen
get	got	got	bekommen, werden
grind	ground	ground	mahlen (Kaffee)
hang	hung	hung	aufhängen
have	had	had	haben
hear	heard	heard	hören
hold	held	held	halten
keep	kept	kept	behalten, aufbewahren

kneel	knelt	knelt	knien
lay	laid	laid	legen
lead	led	led	führen
learn	learnt	learnt	lernen
leave	left	left	verlassen, abreisen
lend	lent	lent	leihen
light	lit(r)	lit(r)	anzünden
lose	lost	lost	verlieren
make	made	made	machen, herstellen
mean	meant	meant	meinen
meet	met	met	sich treffen
read	read	read	lesen
say	said	said	sagen
seek	sought	sought	suchen
sell	sold	sold	verkaufen
send	sent	sent	schicken
shine	shone	shone	scheinen
shoot	shot	shot	schliessen
sit	sat	sat	sitzen
sleep	slept	slept	schlafen
smell	smelt(r)	smelt(r)	riechen
spend	spent	spent	verbringen, ausgeben
stand	stood	stood	stehen
stick	stuck	stuck	aufkleben, stechen
teach	taught	taught	lehren
tell	told	told	erzählen, sagen
think	thought	thought	denken
wake	woke	woke	wecken
weep	wept	wept	weinen
win	won	won	gewinnen

c)

be	was	(have) been	sein
begin	began	begun	beginnen
bite	bit	bitten	beissen
break	broke	broken	brechen
choose	chose	chosen	(aus)wählen
come	came	come	kommen
do	did	done	tun, machen
draw	drew	drawn	zeichnen, ziehen
drink	drank	drunk	trinken
drive	drove	driven	treiben, fahren
eat	ate	eaten	essen
fall	fell	fallen	fallen
fly	flew	flown	fliegen

forget	forgot	forgotten	vergessen
forgive	forgave	forgiven	verzeihen
freeze	froze	frozen	gefrieren
go	went	gone	gehen
hide	hid	hidden	verstecken
know	knew	known	kennen, wissen
lie	lay	lain	liegen
ride	rode	ridden	reiten
ring	rang	rung	läuten
rise	rose	risen	aufstehen, sich erheben
run	ran	run	rennen
see	saw	seen	sehen
shake	shook	shaken	schütteln
sing	sang	sung	singen
sink	sank	sunk	sinken
speak	spoke	spoken	sprechen
steal	stole	stolen	stehlen
swear	swore	sworn	schwören, fluchen
swimm	swamm	swum	schwimmen
take	took	taken	nehmen
wear	wore	worn	tragen (Kleider)
throw	threw	thrown	werfen
write	wrote	written	schreiben

Note

My brother and my sister **like** to swim

Bread and jelly **is** my favorite sandwich

The cup and saucer **is** nice

He dare not tell me (no s) wagen

He need not cry (no s) braucht nicht

I am (feel) cold sich fühlen

He remembers quite well sich erinnern

I caught a bad cold sich erkälten

He catches the train in time

You deal the cards

That will not do

I cannot tell you how I felt about

I know what to say (where to go)

Aunt payed us a visit

Pay attention, please

The show takes place on Friday

The children play on the see-saw

An English hand has only **four** fingers!? ... and a th...!!

(Einheit!)

[Verneinung ohne «do»!]

[nicht rückbezüglich]

erwischen

Karten verteilen, geben

geht nicht

wie es mir zu Mute war

weiss was zu, ... wohin ...

besuchen

achtgeben

stattfinden

Schaukel

«man»

English spoken
I've been told
They make good watches in Switzerland

man spricht Englisch hier
man hat mir gesagt
man macht ...

«es»

I am very sorry
I'm glad to see you (pleased to)
(meet you)
I am afraid of ...

es tut mir leid
es freut mich
beim Vorstellen ...
es ist mir bange vor ...

«ich auch», «auch nicht»

Mary speaks English. **So** do I
Bob doesn't know the problem, **neither** does James

«ja», «nein»

Is the teacher here? Yes, he is. No he isn't

«können»

Do you know French? Yes I do. No I don't

«wollen»

What do you want?
We go for a walk

... willst du, ... wünschen Sie?
... einen Spaziergang machen

«lassen»

Let's go now!
Leave him alone
Don't keep him waiting so long

lasst uns jetzt gehen
... ihn allein lassen
... nicht so lang allein lassen

«bekommen»

Sam got good news
She got (received) an invitation

... gute Nachrichten
... eine Einladung bekommen

«to become»

The two became good friends
This dress doesn't become her

... gute Freunde geworden
... Kleid steht ihr nicht

«herstellen, machen»

This baker makes fine bread
We do not make many mistakes
What is he doing there?

... bäckt gutes Brot, macht ...
nicht viele Fehler machen
... herstellen, basteln

«bitte»

Tell me, please! Do not tell him, please!
Don't mention it

sag mir ..., sag es ja nicht!
schon gut, nicht der Rede wert

Albert Gut