Zeitschrift: The Swiss observer: the journal of the Federation of Swiss Societies in

the UK

Herausgeber: Federation of Swiss Societies in the United Kingdom

Band: - (1923)

Heft: 132

Rubrik: Round and about

Nutzungsbedingungen

Die ETH-Bibliothek ist die Anbieterin der digitalisierten Zeitschriften. Sie besitzt keine Urheberrechte an den Zeitschriften und ist nicht verantwortlich für deren Inhalte. Die Rechte liegen in der Regel bei den Herausgebern beziehungsweise den externen Rechteinhabern. Siehe Rechtliche Hinweise.

Conditions d'utilisation

L'ETH Library est le fournisseur des revues numérisées. Elle ne détient aucun droit d'auteur sur les revues et n'est pas responsable de leur contenu. En règle générale, les droits sont détenus par les éditeurs ou les détenteurs de droits externes. <u>Voir Informations légales.</u>

Terms of use

The ETH Library is the provider of the digitised journals. It does not own any copyrights to the journals and is not responsible for their content. The rights usually lie with the publishers or the external rights holders. See Legal notice.

Download PDF: 17.05.2025

ETH-Bibliothek Zürich, E-Periodica, https://www.e-periodica.ch

following paragraph from The Financial News (24th Nov.):—

Speaking in the name of the British delegation at the Conference on Communications and Transit, called by the League of Nations, Sir Francis Dent said that Great Britain, who up to the present had not adhered to the International Railway Convention of Berne, could now do so without difficulty.

This decision was very favourably commented upon by members of the conference.

Schwaizeriche Lokarouir, and Macchinariabilik

by members of the conference.

Schweizerische Lokomotiv- und Maschinenfabrik.

As a Winterthurer I always feel a thrill of local pride when, upon entering our dear homeland, I see on the locomotives the name of "Schweizerische Lokomotiv- und Maschinenfabrik." Our Winterthurer "Loki," as these big works are called at home, is one of the great works of industrial Switzerland, and many of my readers will, I am sure, be glad to read the following from The Financial Times (24th Nov.):—

At the general meeting of the Swiss Locomotive and

Switzerland, and many of my readers will, I am sure, be glad to read the following from The Financial Times (24th Nov.):—

At the general meeting of the Swiss Locomotive and Machinery Works, at Winterthur, Dr. Denzler, the managing director, made some interesting comments on the general position of the engineering industry and of his own concern in particular. Referring to the effects of passive resistance in the Ruhr on Swiss industry, he pointed out that they did not make themselves felt through any shortage of the coal supplies in Switzerland since measures had been taken a long time ago, when Germany's reparations obligations made it impossible for her any longer to deliver the previous quantities to her other customers. The Swiss engineering firms were, however, scriously affected by the impossibility of obtaining delivery of the many raw and semi-manufactured materials, for the supply of which they had always relied on the great mining and metallurgical concerns in the Ruhr. The business connection was a long and standing one, and the Germant works understood to a nicety the requirements of the Swiss anaulfacturers, so that the inability of these firms to continue the supply greatly upset the Swiss engineers. For the company's own works orders for more than a thousand tons of material were held up, and it was only after very great difficulties that it was possible to obtain delivery. Steps were at the same time taken to get supplies from other sources, such as Czecho-Slovakia France, Lorraine, or England, but the prices were much less favourable.

In going on to deal with the activities of the company in the manufacture of locomotives, Dr. Denzler pointed out that the restricted nature of the market had from the first caused the company to go in for the more specialised branches of manufacture and also to work largely for export. It is now 23 years since the company turned out the first electric locomotives for the Burgdorf-Thun Railway, the equipment for these engines being supplied by Messrs. Brown, Bov

terribly smoky and unclean chimney fire at my office. **Pleetrician** (23rd Nov.):—
Electrically Heated Floors.

Electrically heated floors have been introduced into Swiss dwelling houses by the Electra A.G. of Wädenswil. It is pointed out in the "Schweizerische Bauzeitung" that floor heating is best suited to rooms fitted with stone or concrete floors and mosaic flooring. The heater coils are placed within iron pipes which are embedded in the flooring, at suitable distances apart, but closer near the windows than in the middle portion of the room. When the floor is built up of concrete beams with thick webs, the pipes are placed in the recesses between the beams and are packed in these recesses with fine gravel. The concrete is covered with a layer of plaster on which the stone slabs or planks are placed. When the floor contains wooden beams the space between the beams is filled with concrete when the pipes have been fixed, the wood itself being covered with a layer of gravel lest the structure become too rigid. Between the lower surface of the floor and the concrete containing the heaters an air space is left to prevent radiation downward. That a considerable amount of concrete is wanted for the installation is considered advantageous in so far as the concrete stores the heat, so that the current may chiefly be turned on during hours in which it is hardly wanted for lighting. The coils are drawn into the pipes like cables and are built up in links to retain flexibility. It is mentioned that the heaters are mostly fitted with two resistance coils, to be coupled in series or in parallel or to be used singly; this is preferable to providing special switches for separate heaters.

But not only in the heating business do our builders lead. According to *The Times* (Nov. 22) our Swiss installations for slaughtering animals for food are also worth imitating:—

The Duchess of Hamilton presided on Nov. 21st

our Swiss installations for slaughtering animals for food are also worth imitating:—

The Duchess of Hamilton presided on Nov. 21st at the annual business meeting of the Animal Defence and Anti-Vivisection Society, held at Princes Restaurant. The Duchess read the greater part of the annual report, in which the humane slaughter of animals was dealt with at some length. It was stated that between 30,000 and 40,000 animals are killed every year in this country by methods which involve entirely unnecessary suffering. A letter had been written to the Queen submitting that, if only humanely-killed meat were used in the Royal Household and a public amouncement to that effect made, the case for reform would receive the greatest possible impetus. A reply had been received stating that the Queen sympathized in all efforts to alleviate any form of cruelty, and that by her Majesty's desire the communication would be made known to the proper authority of his Majesty's Government. The Duchess described visits to the public slaughter-houses in Switzerland, and compared their humanity and cleanliness with the conditions at Islington. The Society had a scheme to start a model

abattoir similar to those in Switzerland, which would be run as a business concern to demonstrate the practical nature of this method of killing. The initial cost of the scheme would be about £50,000.

Personally, I rather like a nice cut from the joint or some other toothsome morsel, and I have, so far, not been impressed with the vegetarian cult. All the same, I often wonder whether killing animals for feet not to mention for "sport" is mals for food, not to mention for "sport," is really permissible. It seems so easy to reflect that we may kill and eat the poor creatures in this life, in order to satisfy our bodily wants. But a doubt persists, and being kind to all animals is only one

persists, and being kind to all animals is only one way of easing our conscience, whose still small voice whispers that doubt!

Perhaps I am writing this with my tongue in my cheek. Very likely so, because I, too, am looking forward to a Christmas Dinner with Turkey and Sausages, and I should be very sorry indeed if, upon closer inspection, they were found to be made from vegetable matter. So please don't call me a humbug, seeing that I am confessing so frankly. frankly.

Christmas longings turn my thoughts into more gentle directions, and the approach of the carolsinging parties—I have always loved them, even if they only consist of two or three grimy urchins who are after my pennies much more than after wishing me a merry Christmas, and I always make a maint of listosing attentival to them, very often wishing the a merry Christinis, and I arways make a point of listening attentively to them, very often to their discomfiture, when I discover that they do not know the words even of their song!—reminds me of the following two paragraphs dealing with Swiss Music. Daily Chronicle (Nov. 23): Swiss Music.

mg with Swiss Music. Daily Chronicle (Nov. 23):

Swiss Music.

The reappearance of M. Ansermet, the Swiss conductor who directed some of the Russian Ballet performances a few seasons ago, gave particular interest to the Royal Philharmonic Society's concert on Nov. 22 at Queen's Hall.

M. Ansermet is certainly a conductor of uncommon gifts; and his performances of both classical and modern works were very fine.

The first half of the programme was devoted to the classics; first the "Egmont" overture, played with dramtic intensity, then a Bach aria (with Miss Dorothy Silk as soloist), in which a small section of the orchestra (strings and flute) gave us some delightfully refined playing. This was followed by Mozart's G minor symphony (also given with small orchestra), of which M. Ansermet's reading was remarkable for its delicacy of nuance and perfect finish of style. The second half contained a suite from Ravel's ballet "Daphnis and Chloe," brilliant picturesque music of no little charm, and a new "Chant de Joie" by Honegger (one of the Paris "six"), a somewhat pretentious and uninspired work, scored for a large orchestra.

Morning Post (Dec. 5th):—

Morning Post (Dec. 5th):-

orchestra.

Morning Post (Dec. 5th):—

Apart from works by the veteran Hans Haber, who left seven symphonies and four operas to his credit, and some, showing futuristic tendencies, by Honegger, music of modern Swiss origin is not widely known in this country. In fact, the republic of the Alps would seem to have supplied inspiration to foreign rather than to native musicians. There is, however, a healthy and vigorous younger school of composers who, though curiously open to the external influences of French, German and Russian thought, may yet produce music of international reputation, since their products are founded on a rational basis—that of melody.

The Swiss Composers' Association numbers among its members Othmar Schoeck, born twenty-seven years ago, who has already published, in addition to much other music, 150 songs, indicating a genuine gift that has been compared to that of Hugo Wolf: Volkmar Andreac, born in 1879, the conductor of the Zurich Symphony Orchestra, who has composed a symphony and two operas; and Emil Frey, the pianist, born in 1899, who was sometime professor of the piano at Moscow Conservatiorie, and has written a symphony, besides concertos for his own instrument, the violin and the 'cello, and chamber music.

Winter Sports.

Winter Sports.

Nearly all the British papers publish articles on this "burning" question. I have glanced at the licadings only of most of them. Reading them would tax my fortitude too much, and I do not think my readers can legitimately demand that I should undergo, week by week, the tortures of Tantalus in order to amuse and instruct them. Fancy having to sit in a London office and to write about Winter Sports! When the snow-clad mountains call, when the glorious sun beckons through the London fog, when the happy shouts of the tobogganing parties can be heard by looking at pictures in the *Daily Mirror* only, and, last, but not least, when the cosy and warm "Bündnerstube" invites to partake of Vettliner, which one must have drunk up there to understand its value! No, dear reader, I can't write about all this. would tax my fortitude too much, and I do not

ROUND AND ABOUT.

Several readers seem to be missing the little chats which appeared from time to time under the chats which appeared from time to time under the above heading, and suggest that they should form a regular feature of the paper. One of them even writes that, "as I have my finger in every pie dished up in the Swiss colony," I ought to be able to broadcast interesting news, and still have plenty of time for cards and chess. The fact is that, apart from the last two pastimes, I have my business and family to look after, and as this particular correspondent is also a married man, he probably realizes that these constantly demand very insistent attention. Unfortunately, our compatriots do not congregate during the day-time, and it is generally long after dusk that real "news" can be gathered in. During this festive season there is "something on" in every club, and if any of my critics like roaming in the gloaming as a "reporter," I will give him

the necessary direction, and I can assure him of a royal reception wheresoever he puts in an appearance.

A good many subscribers have complained about the late delivery of last week's issue, but—although I got, like other "promhent" people, decidedly cold feet and, incidently, a most persistent cold on Election Thursday—the issue was posted from this office on Friday afternoon at the usual time. Complaints to the Post Office are more likely to prove successful, if voiced through the Member of Parliament for the particular district—the more so as some candidates would probably have lost their seats had it not been for voting cards erroneously but liberally issued to compatriots of ours!

The advent of the Christmas spirit was clearly in evidence last Tuesday at the meeting of the City Swiss Club. After the customary compliments had been paid to the Organising Committee in connection with the Annual Banquet, one of the members, Mr. H. Bingguely, had the novel idea of presenting the Swiss Benevolent Society with a clock which already ornamented the mantelpiece. or presenting the Swiss Benevotent Society with a clock which already ornamented the mantelpiece. As, however, this Society does not extend its activities to looking after deserving cases amongst the products of this flourishing industry, the President proposed an auction. Bidding started at 5s. and was very brisk till it got to the neighbourhood of a fiver, and ultimately the trophy was knocked down for ten guineas to an expresident of the club. He appeared absolutely resolved to have it, as much for the fact that the "Bulle" clock is reputed to "go for ever" without winding, as for his desire to cheer up our friend, Mr. Georges Dimier, the president of the S.B.S., who, on doctor's advice, has had to take to his bed and will have to go very steady for the next few weeks. Everybody was naturally as much concerned as Mr. Dimier himself, who is thus condemned to withhold his active co-operation in bringing joy and happiness to the homes of our less fortunate and happiness to the homes of our less fortunate

compatriots. * * * *

The many friends of Dr. W. Weibel, the correspondent of the *Neue Zürcher Zeitung*, will be pleased to hear that the operation he underwent at the German Hospital was successfully performed by Dr. H. Rast, and that Dr. Weibel is making satisfactory progress towards recovery.

The wife of Mr. Marius Paschoud, of Swiss Sports fame, has presented her husband with pledge of their mutual affection, a son and he—Michel André—having been born last Tuesday.

Mr. P. A. Carmine is returning from his trip South America and expects to be in London by

STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES.			
Bonds.	Dec. 3		Dec. 11
Swiss Confederation 3% 1903	74.50%		74.60%
Swiss Confed. 9th Mob. Loan 5%	100.37%		100.35%
Federal Railways A—K 3½%	78.75%		
Canton Basle-Stadt 5½% 1921	101.00%		
Canton Fribourg 3% 1892	68.50%		68.50%
SHARES.	Nom. De	ec. 3	Dec. 11
	Frs.	Frs.	Frs.
Swiss Bank Corporation	500	645	658
Crédit Suisse	500	677	686
Union de Banques Suisses	500	540	
Fabrique Chimique ci-dev. Sandoz		3310	
Société pour l'Industrie Chimique	1000	2270	2362
C. F. Bally S.A	1000	1091	1082
Fabrique de Machines Oerlikon	500	627	630
Entreprises Sulzer		585	605
S.A. Brown Boveri (new)	500	258	271
Nestlé & Anglo-Swiss Cond. Mk. Co.	200	178	177
Choc. Suisses Peter-Cailler-Kohler	100	105	107
Comp. de Navig'n sur le Lac Léman	500	478	472

'HE CHISWICK GUILD R. SCHAUB

Craftsmen in Wood & General Decorators

Parquet and Block Flooring. - Panelled Rooms of all descriptions.

Designs submitted for any form of Interior Decoration

Studios & Workshops:

184, Stamford Brook Station, Hammersmith, W.6. Telephone: HAMMERSMITH 1794

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS

Not exceeding 3 lines:—Per insertion, 2/6: three insertions, 5/-Postage extra on replies addressed clo Swiss Observer.

BOARD-RESIDENCE.—Single and Double Rooms, overlooking large gardens; use of drawing-room; every convenience; good cooking; very central; Swiss proprietor; terms from 2½ gns.—41, Tavistock Square.

ENGLISH LADY gives LESSONS; experienced.—Olive Nicholls, 56, Torrington Square, W.C.1.

SWISS (35), at present holding executive position grain and produce trade, wide commercial experience United Kingdom and abroad, fully conversant with shipping, insurance and banking operations, seeks APPOINTMENT WITH PROGRESSIVE FIRM. Fluent French, German, Dutch, also fair knowledge Italian and Russian.—Write. "F.W.", c/o. 'Swiss Observer,' 21, Garlick Hill, E.C.4.

GENERAL HOUSEMAID (Swiss or English) required at once for small Swiss family; good wages.—Write, "Housemaid," c/o. 'Swiss Observer,' 21, Garlick Hill, E.C.4.