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HOME NEWS



FEDERAL. THE ZONES DISPUTE.

It is stated that this long-standing con-troversy will be the first item to be dealt with at the International Court which will meet at the Hague next month.

SWISS NOTE TO ITALY.

A Note of protest has been addressed by the Swiss Government to the Italian Government regarding frequent violation of frontier neutrality by Italian military airmen.

The Note also protests against frontier violation by Italian troops when in pursuit of Italian refugees who cross into Swiss territory.

SPYING ON THE ITALIAN FRONTIER.

Several Swiss papers publish reports of sys tematic spying on Swiss territory, along the frontier regions of the Ticino and the Grisons, by Italian agents disguised as tourists and making a liberal use of their cameras.

AN EXCHANGE OF LAND WITH GERMANY.

The little village of Busingen on German soil The little village of Busingen on German soil forms an awkward pocket in the frontier line along the canton Schaffhausen; for a long time a rectification has been suggested by the parties concerned. The Federal Council has now investigated the possibilities of embodying this "enclave" with the adjoining canton and negotiations with Germany to this effect are to be initiated.

ROYAL VISITOR IN BERNE.

The King of Iraq, who is in Switzerland, attended by his Aide-de-Camp and his secretary, visited the members of the Federal Council at Berne. A luncheon was afterwards given in his Majesty's honour, which was attended by all the members of the Federal Council and by the British Minister, Mr. Claud Russell.

RETURN TICKETS ON SWISS FEDERAL RAILWAY.

A welcome innovation will come into force on September 15th throughout the system of the Swiss Federal Railways; from that date the return half of tickets which are usually valid for ten days will become transferable, though any trading on such tickets is not permissible.

MOTORCAR STATISTICS.

MOTORCAR STATISTICS.

The Federal Statistical Office has compiled and published figures illustrating the tremendous increase in the use of mechanically propelled vehicles during the last twenty years. While in 1910 every 515th inhabitant possessed a motor vehicle, at the end of 1919 every 36th claimed this privilege. Altogether 55,149 private cars (1910: 2,276) were in use and the number of motor-cycles had risen from 4,647 to 42,306. As regards lorries the number has increased 48 fold from 326 to 15,905. The origin of the cars constitutes a poor certificate for the Swiss automobile manufacturers, lorries being the only line where they have been able to hold their own to some extent; howturers, lorries being the only line where they have been able to hold their own to some extent; however, the percentage of Swiss lorries on the road has fallen from 82 per cent. in 1910 to 34 per cent. last year. Though foreign cars are subjected to a considerable duty the Swiss industry has derived no benefit from this protection. "Martini" with a total of 747 cars on the road is the only Swiss make which has managed to survive foreign competition, the remaining two private errors reservices. make which has managed to survive foreign competition, the remaining two private car manufacturers ("Pic-Pic") and "Naximag") having had to close down some years ago. Most of the cars are imported from the U.S.A. though this country seems to be losing ground in favour of France and Italy. In 1929 the U.S.A. headed the list with 21,265 (65 per cent. of the total imports) being followed by France with 15.743 and Italy with lowed by France with 15,743 and Italy with 11,688; Gt. Britain with 439 is at the bottom of the list. The most popular car is the Italian "Flat" (8,866); next in favour follow "Citroen" (5,101), and the three Americans "Buick" (2,841), "Ford" (2,445) and "Chrysler" (2,265).

SWISS TRADE IN JUNE.

Both imports and exports recorded the lowest figures of the year, the former with 200.8 million francs, as against 211.5 million francs in May,

and the latter with 136.5 million, as against

163.1 million francs. CLERKS AND THEIR PAY.

Very instructive statistics with reference to Very instructive statistics with reference to the earnings of commercial employees have been collected and published by the Schweiz-Kaufm. Verein in Zurich. Apart from positions of trust the commercial traveller heads the list with an average income of 6,800 Frs. p.a., accountants and correspondents follow next with about 500 Frs. less. Generally speaking the income of the ordinary commercial clerk does not exceed 4,000 Frs. p.a. In his concluding remarks the general secretary of the S.K.V. states that working conditions are not altogether satisfactory and that ditions are not altogether satisfactory and that amongst the lower paid posts a tendency of still further reducing the earnings is still in evidence.

BERNE.

According to a report of the Educational Department of the canton of Berne the number of scholars has considerably decreased during the last 12 years. The figure of 111,220 in 1919 has gradually fallen to 93,774 during 1930. The number of scholars has therefore decreased by 17,500, whereas the number of teachers has invesced in whereas the number of teachers has increased in the same period by 44. B.

LUCERNE.

In the local news from Lucerne there is something which will fill some of the readers of the S.O. with envy. It states that the Director of the special school for English in Lucerne has discovered after long years of experience a novel system by which anyone with a little zeal will be able to acquire a fluent conversation in English in 30 hours. This method consists of an easy and interesting study and has therefore had a great success with the people of Lucerne. It further states that it is not simply a distribution of printed matter for self-tuition, but personally conducted lessons for such individual student through the post, and that it is a real pleasure to learn so quickly, easily and perfectly the beautiful English language.

"It does not state, however, which

"It does not stopronounciation—Oxford taught."—Ed. state, or Cambridge-

GLARUS.

On Sunday the 20-year-old Jack Landis from Oberrieden, who was working in Horgen met with an accident. He was missed on Monday by the cowherd with whom he left his rucksack and did not return for it and also by his parents who lived in Oberrieden. A relief column was formed in Obstalden which found the body at the foot of a 480-feet-high wall of the Murtschenstock over which he had fallen.

Oberrieden on Tuesday.

N.Z.Z.

BASLE CAMPAGNE.

BASLE CAMPAGNE.

The latest report of the promotion of tobacco growing in Basle Campagne shows that the "white Burley," with which extensive trials have been made, gives the best results and that in future years only this kind will be grown.

N.Z.

GENEVA.

An International Catholic Week will be held from September 14 to September 21, at Geneva, during the assembly of the League of Nations.

"The Present State of Catholicism Throughout the World" will be the general subject of the conferences, and among the speakers will be Mr. Hilaire Belloc.

Other speakers include Archbishop Baudrillart, of France, Lars Eskeland, the noted Norwegian educator, and Fr. Pyschwara, a prominent German philosopher.

Paderewski, the famous pianist, and former President of Poland, and Mgr. Seipel, former Chancellor of Austria, may be present.

A protest against the persecution of religion by the Soviet will be made, and at this demon-stration the principal speaker will be Professor Maklakof, now attached to the University of

ST. GALL.

On Tuesday the 26th ult. shortly after 5 o'clock a fire broke out in the roof of the main station of the S.B.B. in St. Gall, which soon took a firm hold. After an hour of hard fighting, the fire brigade was able to overcome the fire, but not before the roof part of the central block was nearly burnt out. The fire most likely started in the chimney. The rooms immediately under the seat of the fire containing the lingery, wash kitchen and bedrooms of the staff of the station

buffet have suffered extensively through water. The whole damage which is estimated from 50,000 to 70,000 Frs. is covered by the Cantonal

ALTDORF. On August 31st, on the occasion of the 400th anniversary of the existence of Castle Bernoldingen in Seelisberg, the administration of this beautiful estate, in concert with the Society for the preservation of historical monuments and customs and the Groupe of ancient costumes of the canton Uri, arranged some jubilee festivities. On this very day the family Aschwanden von Barren celebrated the centenary of the tenancy. It is certainly very rare for a family of fenants

It is certainly very rare for a family of tenants to remain for 10 decades on the same estate. V. BEZIER.

BEZIER.

A most amusing little drama took place in Bézier after the death of the old and eccentric Pharmacist B, who was a confirmed bachelor. Some years ago he sold his pill shop and lived in very poor circumstances on a monthly allowance, which was paid to him by his successor. Although he had quite a number of relatives, they did not trouble themselves about him. He lived in an attic, rented from a poor widow for a few shillings. At his funeral only his landlady, the concierge and two old cronies followed his coffin. The State asked the relatives if they wished to enter into the heritage. They declined with thanks, as the old man had not enough to keep himself in food, they did not want to throw money away for stamp fees, etc. Eventually the landlady went to the authorities asking them to take an inventory, so that she could again let the room, as the rent she could obtain was necessary to help to pay her own rent. In due course the bailiff came to break the seal and duly wrote down all he could find. There was mighty little, only a few pieces of old linen, clothes, a broken porcelain jar and a few bottles, the remainder of his late business. There was also an old bread bag, such as was used by soldiers during the Franco-German war. When the bailiff looked into the bag he found a bundle of papers, which on closer examination proved to be shares and other valuable documents to the value of 200,000 Frs. The State took possession of these as the man had died intestate, his relatives refusing the heritage. Now these relatives go about with very long faces indeed.

NEW FIXED TRUST FORMED IN

NEW FIXED TRUST FORMED IN SWITZERLAND.

new fixed trust has been formed in Basle A new fixed trust has been formed in Basle with the title of Société Internationale de Placements. It is issuing bearer certificates, which are in the nature of deposit receipts, and signify that the Union Bank of Switzerland, as trustees, holds certain stocks and shares, and that the owner of the certificate is entitled to a proportion of those shares and all dividends and rights accruing to them.

A group of stocks and shares deposited in this way constitutes what is known as a fixed trust, as once they have been selected they are fixed permanently and cannot be changed. The object of such a trust is to constitute a medium which makes it possible for the investor by the purchase of a single security to invest his money in a large number of stocks and shares in the leading countries and industries of the world.

A selection of 30 different securities of well.

A selection of 30 different securities of well A selection of 30 different securities of well-known companies, in various parts of the world has been made by representatives of leading financial houses in various countries after consultation with statistical authorities. The Société Internationale de Placements has been formed by these firms for the management of the business.

In August, 1930, the value of the unit comprising the shares in the 30 companies, together with accrued dividends, etc., amounted to approximately Swiss francs 100,000 (£4,000).

Each unit is divided into 1,000 sub-units of approximately Sw. Frs. 100 (£4) each, and for these sub-units certificates are issued in denominations of 5, 10, 25, 100 and 1,000. No single certificate may be issued until a whole unit of stocks and shares, together with eash accumulations, has been deposited with the trustees for safe cented.

All dividends payable on the deposited stocks are collected by the Union Bank of Switzerland. Subscription rights, stock dividends and share bonus distributions are collected and sold for cash,