Zeitschrift:	The Swiss observer : the journal of the Federation of Swiss Societies in the UK
Herausgeber:	Federation of Swiss Societies in the United Kingdom
Band:	- (1930)
Heft:	473

Rubrik: Home news

# Nutzungsbedingungen

Die ETH-Bibliothek ist die Anbieterin der digitalisierten Zeitschriften. Sie besitzt keine Urheberrechte an den Zeitschriften und ist nicht verantwortlich für deren Inhalte. Die Rechte liegen in der Regel bei den Herausgebern beziehungsweise den externen Rechteinhabern. <u>Siehe Rechtliche Hinweise.</u>

# **Conditions d'utilisation**

L'ETH Library est le fournisseur des revues numérisées. Elle ne détient aucun droit d'auteur sur les revues et n'est pas responsable de leur contenu. En règle générale, les droits sont détenus par les éditeurs ou les détenteurs de droits externes. <u>Voir Informations légales.</u>

## Terms of use

The ETH Library is the provider of the digitised journals. It does not own any copyrights to the journals and is not responsible for their content. The rights usually lie with the publishers or the external rights holders. <u>See Legal notice.</u>

**Download PDF:** 16.05.2025

ETH-Bibliothek Zürich, E-Periodica, https://www.e-periodica.ch

# Che Swiss Observer The Official Organ of the Swiss Colony in Great Britain.

EDITED WITH THE CO-OPERATION OF MEMBERS OF THE LONDON COLONY Published every Friday at 23, LEONARD STREET, LONDON, E.C.2.

Telephone : CLERKENWELL 9595

## LONDON, NOVEMBER 15, 1930.

PRICE 3d.

Vol. 10-No. 473

## PREPAID SUBSCRIPTION RATES

UNITED KINGDOM  $\begin{cases} 3 \\ 6 \\ 12 \end{cases}$  Months (13 issues, post from  $\frac{6}{12}$  ,  $\frac{(26)}{(52)}$  ,  $\frac{12}{(52)}$ 3/6 6/6 12/-(, iree) -{ 6 Months (26 issues, post free) - Frs. 7.50 12 ", (52 ", ) - ", 14.-SWITZERLAND (Swiss subscriptions may be paid into Postscheck-Konto Basle V 5718).



#### BERNE.

The City of Berne is issuing a 4 per cent. loan of 25,000,000 Frs. at 98.5 per cent. for the conversion of old loans. \* \*

The ski-ing people of Berne are in danger of losing their favourite winter playground, the Gurten. By a decision of the Bernese court the farmers on the Gurten have just obtained the right to prohibit ski-ing on their land.

right to prohibit ski-ing on their iand. According to the Swiss law no trespassing on private property in the open country can be prohibited so long as no damage is done. But it appears that snow trodden hard by skiers takes longer to melt, with the result that grass is some-what slower in appearing. The city of Berne threading the formum chim and offered to what slower in appearing. The city of Berne acknowledged the farmers claim and offered to pay an indemnification to be fixed by experts every year. But the farmers would not have the money; they wanted prohibition right out,

the money; they wanted promotion figure and and now they have got it. The skiers take the decision very ill, and there is a prospect of lively times on the Gurten. It is feared that other farmers may follow suit and the freedom of skiing generally be en-dangered. N.Z.Z.

#### LUCERNE.

A burglary took place at 79 Zürcher Strasse in Lucerne, where a great number of securities have been stolen, belonging to Miss E. Oberli. Amongst the missing stock are i Shares of the Bank in Zofingen, the Hypothekar Kasse Winterthur and the Bank Society of Aarau as well as bank deposit book. The value of the mis-sing stock amounts to approximately 40,000 Frs. N Z Z NZZ

#### FRIBOURG.

M. Alfred Reichlen, Agent of the Banque de l'Etat and former President of the Grand Conseil has died at Bulle.

## GENEVA.

M. Jules Vaney, Sen., Managing Director of the Laiterie Modèle Genevoise and M. Marcel Vaney, accountant of the same firm, are charged by the Public prosecutor with fraudulent bankruptey. The liabilities exceed 367,000 Frs. against which approximately 38,000 Frs. are said against which approximately 35,000 Frs. are said to be owed by a firm dealing in the same com-modities. The latter amount is stated to repre-sent the only asset. It has been proved that the last few balance sheets and some of the books con-tain grave irregularities.

### \* \* \*

A band of 57 communists, headed by a cer-tain G. Baumgartner, cycled to the home of M. G. Perrot at the outskirts of Versoix. On arriving Perrot at the outskirts of Versoix. On arriving there they left their bicycles outside and tried to enter the grounds. Pierre Meyer, a 56-years-old gardener, who was left in charge tried to prevent them from entering. Infuriated by the resistance of this faithful servant they knocked him down and assaulted him in the most savage fashion. When the police arrived the gang took to flight leaving their victim unconscions with several ribs broken and his face a mass of bruises. An investigation has been ordered. T G

#### \* \* \*

TG

In the elections to the Geneva Cantonal Parliament on Sunday the Socialists won five seats from the Conservatives. There was a cer-tain amount of animation, caused largely by the bourgeois accusation that the Socialists, in advo-cating the resumption of relations with Russia, were acting under orders from Moscow. M.G.

#### SWISS TELEPHONE GROWTH.

Swiss TELEPHONE GROWTH. As a result of the telephone propaganda work carried on by the society known as "Pro Telephon," the rate of annual increase in the number of subscribers to the Swiss telephone sys-tem is reported to have been doubled. The society was formed in 1927, on the pattern of the Telephone Development Association, by the tele-phone authorities, working in conjunction with a number of Swiss telephone apparatus manufac-turing concerns. turing concerns

#### THE BASSANESI AFFAIR.

The effects of this trial, due to open on Monday, November 18th, in Lugano, are likely to be so important upon our relations with Italy that a clear understanding of Swiss public opinion, and more particularly of that of the Ticino, may be helpful to those who take an interest in the foreign relations of our homeland. The Federal Council has come in for a good

f severe criticism at the hands of the press Ticino, and of a section of that of the rest deal of of the Ticino, and of a section of that of the rest of Switzerland, mainly due to a great blunder our highest administrative authority committed from the very start. It is a fundamental principle of the administration of justice in all civilised countries that the government shall not seek to influence or hamper the free judgment of the Courts of Law. However, in instructing the judicial authorities to take action against Bassanesi and his supposed accomplices, the Federal Council directed that Bassanesi and his friends should be tried for breach of the rules of aviation, but that in passing sentence the Tribunal should take into consideration also the effect of the action of Bassanesi from the interof the effect of the action of Bassanesi from the inter national point of view, viz., the political side of the question.

The question. Swiss papers, like the *National Zeitung* and others have been very painfully shocked at the Federal Council committing such an unpardon-able blunder. The press of the Ticino has been even more scandalised by this error. However, by such a manoeuvre, the Federal Council is achieving exactly the opposite result from what they intended, viz., the trial will become a nolitical trial.

political trial. This is evident from the fact that the witness for Tarchiani (the ex-Editor in Chief of the "Corriere della Sera") will be Count Sforza, the ex-Italian Cabinet Minister for Foreign Affairs, for and the witness for Resselli will be the Apostle of Italian Socialism, the 73-year-old Filippo Turati, who played a big role in Italian politics be-Turath, who played a big role in Italian politics be-fore the advent of fascism. The papers of Lugano assure that the accused and their witnesses will be received in the Ticino, and in Lugano in par-ticular, with great public enthusiasm. In a recent issue of the "Avangnardia," G. G. (the initials of a well known lawyer, intimately connected with that newspaper) ex-pressed himself as follows:

pressed himself as follows: "The Switzerland of William Tell, that country which constantly ascribed as a great honour the disdain for tyrants and the solidarity of all victims of reaction, is covering itself in ridicule, not to say worse, so great is the diligent sollicitude to please, at any price and even if not asked, the Duce of the black shirts, the negator of all liberty and the prejudiced exter-minator of democracy and liberalism. "It cannot be denied that in Switzerland, since Fascism asserted itself in the ways we

since Fascism asserted itself in the ways we know, the greatest care of our Federal author-ities, kindly seconded by newspapers upon whose thes, kindly seconded by newspapers upon mass-independence we are allowed to doubt, has been to prevent or restrict any manifestation which might have been, even only in a slight degree, might have been, even only in a slight degree, hostile to the Italian Fascist Régime. Not only this but the Federal authorities have constantly displaid special sympathy and friendly tolerance towards the fascist authorities and fascist propa-ganda in our own country. The results of this policy of frightened-rabbits have, however, been exactly the opposite from what the admirers of fascism expected them to be. During the last four yours the inviolation become merice the inviolation become merice the inviolation become merice the inviolation to be the second merice of t fascism expected them to be. During the last few years the incidents have become more frequent and Switzerland alwyas had to eat humble pie.

and Switzerland alwyas had to eat humble pie. ".... Every accommodation is attempted, every crooked path is followed, all sense of dignity is scrapped, traditions are sacrificed, principles are trodden underfoot, and this all in order to please Signor Mussolini. The Bassanesi case, over which so much noise is made, finds numerous equivalents in our history from 1830 to 1860, but at that time the Bassanesi swere counted by the hundred. It is true that at that time there were no aeroplanes to carry the thou-sands of manifestoes and pamphlets which were sunds of manifestoes and pamphlets which were to arouse Italy against Austria, but there were Ticinese and Swiss citizens, as well as foreigners, which took charge of the sacred contraband at the risk of their own lives, with the quiet comthe Fiss of their own inves, with the quiet com-plicity of the Ticinese Government and even of the Federal Council, who resisted undismayed all pressure exerted against them. In 1930 the Bassanesi case sets in motion the diplomacies and police forces of no less than three countries. The aviator is arrested and kept in prison for

several months while the prosecution exerts every

Telegrams : FREPRINCO, LONDON.

several months while the prosecution exerts every possible pressure. "But the Federal Council has not even the courage to place the whole affair on the basis upon which it desires it decided. Why not ask for the application of article 41 of the Federal Penal Code? Why fish out an administrative regulation which even the Federal authorities themselves had practically forgotten? The reply is easy, the Federal Council wanted to avoid, at any price, that the affair should develop into the trial of Fascism. "By following too closely the lead given by the Federal Council the prosecution, in giving

"By following too closely the lead given by the Federal Council the prosecution, in giving undue importance to the whole matter, and bring-ing to trial also well-known and valiant anti-fascist leaders residing abroad, has rendered a bad service to the Federal Council itself and to the whole nation. How can the proceedings now be prevented from degenerating into a political trial? trial?

" if the severity of the Federal authorities against Bassanesi and his friends shocks and ex-asperate us as an action which disregards the most beautiful and noblest traditions of our country, we do not, however, doubt the senti-ments of the Swiss people itself and that the people will, at long last, do justice to one and all. As Ticinesi we feel we could not have acted otherwise than have done our own fellow-citizens implicated in the affair. To be brought for trial for having helped Bassanesi directly or indirectly, knowingly or not, is a title of honour of which we are jealous. "We know already now that the spies as well

"We know already now that the spies as well as those who put out their hands at the back and the people who lack backbone will shout scandal, but we cannot help exclaiming :--When will it again come to pass that in the Land of Tell the love of liberty and of our traditions shall no longer be a crime?"

Extracts from other issues are as follows :

Extracts-from other-assues are as follows: "It can be said that both the press and pub-lic opinion are unanimously astounded at the excessive importance given by the Federal Coun-cil to the whole affair. We are disgusted at the illegal and inadmissible pressure exercised by the political authority over the judicial author-ities. We protest and protest very loudly with all the passion of our republican soul against a pro-cedure which offands profoundly our patient cedure which offends profoundly our national dignity and tends to bring our highest Court of Law into disrepute, bringing it close, in princi-ple, to any 'special' Tribunal of any dictator-

ship. "We protest in the name of all those who "We protest in the name of all those who —Swiss citizens—have not yet prostituted their sentiment of liberty, in the name of all those who place liberty before personal interest or cowardice, in the name of you, young citizens, who will one day be called upon to govern the nation. Let us make a clean sweep of treachery, it is time. The coming Bassanesi trial will give to the Swiss people the exact measure of its dignity and of its much trumpeted independence. "I used to be assumed that the 'record '

dignity and of its much trumpeted independence. "It used to be assumed that the 'record' for stretching a point to its uttermost was to remain unchallengeably in the hands of the Republic of the Ticino. Public opinion in the Ticino has, however, weared round to the cer-tainty that even in this field of activity we have been beaten by the Federal authorities. If this does not add any merit to our Canton it certainly does not, neither, add to the esteem which the people of the Ticino used to place in the authori-ties of the Confederation. "The Ticinesi would have asked for nothing

ties of the Confederation. "The Ticinesi would have asked for nothing better than a quiet and speedy decision of the whole affair, within the bounds within which it should really have been kept. Whether it be due to some gentle hint from the Fascist Government or some other underhand consideration of the Federal Council, the whole matter has been taken out of the province of the Law Courts of the Ticino and transferred to the Federal judicial authority. authority.

"We do not grumble but let it be clearly understood, well in advance, that, having blown understood, well in advance, that, having blown up the affair to such grotesque dimensions, the overwhelming majority of the people of the Ticino will not permit, at any price whatever, that attempts should be made to limit the scope of the discussions at the trial. The accused will have the right to justify their actions as they please, even if, in making their defence, they will of necessity have to refer to public men and hap penings in the near-by Italy. The democratic Ticino has seen its judicial authority deprived of its proper task and has seen its sentiments