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# **Che Swiss Observer** FOUNDED BY MR. P. F. BOEHRINGER

The Official Organ of the Swiss Colony in Great Britain. EDITED WITH THE CO-OPERATION OF MEMBERS OF THE LONDON COLONY.

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**HOME NEWS** 

(Compiled by courtesy of the following contem-poraries: National Zeitung, Neue Zürcher Zeitung, St. Galler Tagblatt, Vaterland, Tribune de Genève and Schweizerische Verkehrszentrale.) FEDERAL.

# NEW YEAR'S RECEPTION AT THE PALAIS FEDERAL.

M. Baumann, President of the Swiss Condetailing the members of the government of the canton of Berne, and the members of the Diplomatic Corps, representing some thirty-five countries, who pre-sented to him their New Year's congratulations. NATIONAL COUNCILLOR DR. E. GOETTISHEIM. +

Through the death of Dr. Emil Goettisheim, the Swiss Liberal Party loses one of its most influential members.

Dr. Goettisheim was born in 1863, the son well-known Liberal States-Councillor, Dr. Christian, Friedrich Goettisheim.

After having completed his studies,, the deceased established himself in 1888 as an advo-cate in Basic. At the early age of 31 he entered in 1894 the Grand Council over which he presided in 1904, and of which he was a member until 1914.

Council) of which he was a member for fifteen years. Dr. Goettisheim was a member of many special Parliamentary commissions where he rendered great services

## NEW "SWISSAIR " APPOINTMENTS.

The Board of Directors of the "Swissair" has appointed two new Directors in succession to the late Walter Mittelholzer and Balz Zimmermann.

M. H. Pillichody, until recently, Manager of the "Alpar" has been appointed technical Manager, whilst M. Eugen Groh, since the foundation of the "Swissair" its assistant Manager, will take over the Commercial Service. Both the new Directors have great experience in Swiss Commercial Aviation.

# APPOINTMENTS IN THE SWISS ARMY

The Federal Council has appointed to the command of the "Zentralschulen," Colonel J. Gugger, in succession to Colonel Constam, who has been promoted to Colonel-of-division. Colonel Gugger has acted until recently as chief of staff of the 2nd Army Corps.

Lientenant-Colonel J. G. Däniker, chief of section of the General Staff, has been appointed commander of the "Schiessschulen" in Wallenstadt

# SWISS T.U. LEADERS REJECT ALLIANCE WITH RUSSIAN UNIONS. The leaders of the Swiss trade unions have

formally denounced any rapprochement between the International Trade Union Federation and the Russian unions, on the ground that the latter are not organisations but an organ of the State as in Germany and Italy.

According to the Swiss Union leaders, the Party Dictatorship in Russia has not led towards democracy but towards the dictatorship of a clique, and finally to that of one man.

But the gravest danger for the international working class is the Russian communists' desire to impose on others their own methods of violence.

## SWISS GOLD POLICY.

Soon after the revaluation of the gold reserve a "profit " of over 500,000,000 Swiss francs and with which an exchange equalisation account was formed various quarters demanded the dis-tribution of this sum.

It has been suggested that the gold in ques-It has been suggested that the gold in ques-tion be used for the alleviation of unemployment by the introduction of an extensive public works scheme. It was also suggested that the 500,000,000f, be transferred to the Swiss Federal Railways in order to enable them to attain a sounder basis.

In the circumstances, the Swiss Federal Council deemed it advisable to express its opinion on the subject. In view of the mistrust prevailing at present, every country has to be armed against any unforesen events as far as monetary problems are concerned, the Council states. Not by mere chance have nearly all countries which have gone off gold since 1931 put aside funds to protect their currency.

wiss BANK'S LOANS EXTENSION. The Bodenkredit Bank in Basle (Crédit Foncier de Bâle) invites holders of the Five per Cent. Mortgage bonds from four loans raised between 1910 and 1915, which are repayable in May, 1938, and, in one case, in January, 1933, as well as holders of the Five per Cent. Cash bonds, repayable in May, 1938, to attend a creditors' meeting to be held at Basle on 4th February next. February next.

It is proposed to postpone the date of repay-ment of all the loans to 1st January, 1944. Creditors will also be asked to sanction a reduction of the rate of interest from 5 to 4 per cent. all round.

This scheme will only be valid if holders of the Five per Cent. bonds of 1930, due for redemp tion in May, 1942, and long-term banking credi tors and long-term creditors also agree to an extension to at least the same date.

In consequence of the bank's reorganisation in 1929, the dates of maturity of the outstanding loans were prolonged to May, 1938, and January, 1939, respectively. The share capital is Swiss N=100000 Frs.4,000,000.

## SEVERE COLD IN SWITZERLAND.

The cold continues to be severe in Switzer-land. The Lac des Brenets, a section of the River Doubs three miles long, is completely frozen over and covered with nearly a foot of ice. The lake of Morat, five miles long and two miles wide, is also frozen over and will probably be opened for skat-ing. Two persons died from cold in Geneva and three in Haute Savoie.

Snow is good for ski-ing above the 5,400ft. level, but under that level, owing to persistent sunshine, it is generally crusty or hard.

#### ITALO-SWISS TRADE PAYMENTS.

The Italian National Institute of Foreign Exchange agreed to grant a guaranteed exchange rate for payments from and to Italy made in connection with commercial and financial trans-actions with Switzerland.

The Institute will collect from the Italian creditor or payee a special commission for such guarantee equivalent to one-half of 1 per cent. of the amount involved.

The Italian exporter to Switzerland of goods invoiced in Italian lire will receive the exact amount to his credit.

As regards exports invoiced in Swiss francs, will receive the equivalent in Italian lire at the rate of exchange ruling at the time the Swiss importer effects payment into the Swiss National Bank account, irrespective of fluctuations be tween this date and the time of the actual trans fer from Italy.

With reference to Italian imports, if these are involved in life the Swiss exporter will receive an amount in Swiss frances based on the rate of exchange ruling on the day when the Italian im-porter effected payment into the Bank of Italy. No account will be taken of the rate that may be ruling when the actual transfer takes place in Switzerland.

The guarantee is also extended to Swiss financial credits, including the collection of dividends in lire.

LOCAL.

GLARUS. At the age of \$1, died in Glarus, M. Peter Schmid-Hösli, for many years "Gemeindepräsi-dent" and a member of the "Landrat."

Doctor Christian Fritzsche, for 42 years (1881-1923) Surgeon-in-chief of the cantonal hospital in Glarus, has died at the age of 87. BASLE.

M. Hermann Meyer, the well-known Swiss landscape and portrait painter, has celebrated his 60th birthday anniversary.

#### AARGAU.

M. F. Funk, President of the Board of the firm Brown, Boveri and Cie., in Baden, has cele-brated his 80th birthday anniversary, he is the only living co-founder of the Brown-Boveri concern

PRICE 3d.

#### GRISONS.

Dr. Adolf Loewy, from 1923-1933 head of the "Schweiz. Forschung-Institutes für Hochge-birgsklima und Tuberkulose," has died in Davos at the age of 70.

The Mayor of St. Moritz and local officials. equipped with ten bottles of champagne, were at the air port at Samaden to greet the arrival of the first plane on the new service between London and St. Moritz.

#### THURGAU.

THURGAU. M. Albert Züllig, one of the founders of the Bodensee-Toggenburg Railway, and for many years President of the Board of the "Schwei-zerischen Bodenseezeitung" in Romanshorn has died in Egnach at the age of 71. The deceased was for several years a member of the Grand Council of the canton of Thurgau.

#### VAUD.

M. Georges Rigassi, Editor-in-chief of the "Gazette de Lausanne" has celebrated his 20th anniversary as a member of the Editorial Staff.

#### THE 22nd SWISS INDUSTRIES FAIR, BALE. March 26th to April 5th, 1938.

The Swiss Industries Fair for 1938 is fully justified in calling the attention of other com-tries to this institution. A development of 22 years has enabled it to acquire a well—merited reputation even in international economic circles. It is a temperamental demonstration of the efficiency of Switzerland's production. The efficiency of Switzerland's production. The atthe same high level. The important economic measure of the devaluation of the Swiss frame has again opened out a number of naths to the measure of the devaluation of the Swiss frame has again opened out a number of paths to the world's markets, as was clearly confirmed by the increased number of visitors from abroad in 1937. The 22nd Fair from March 26th to April 5th, 1938, will continue this development; the outlook is highly satisfactory. Not only will there be an extension of the 21 general and regular groups, many of which are of parament importance for many of which are of paramount importance for other countries, but there will also be a number of special fairs. The 8th Watch Fair will be exof special fairs. The 8th Watch Fair will be ex-cellently represented, and machine tools will be nuch more in evidence than before. Of special importance to other countries are also the groups: electrical industry, gas apparatus, household requisites, and likewise textiles, with the handsome Fashion Salon. The Swiss Indus-tries Fair is a perfect illustration of the hard work and progress of the industries of Switzer-land. The big commercial path has to pass through Pala through Bâle.

Swiss Legations and Consulates, together with numerous travel bureaux, will be glad to comply with any special wishes.

# LA POLITIQUE

#### Vers la réorganisation des C.F.F.

Il est donc entendu que le parlement sera convoqué en février et que le Conseil national s'attaquera à ce gros morceau de résistance : réforme des C.F.F.

réforme des C.F.F. On critique non sans raison la tendance actuelle à multiplier les sessions; et il est certain, comme nous l'avons déjà relevé, qu'en perdant mons de temps en décembre, la Chambre eft pu untreprendre l'examen du projet déposé par le Conseil fédéral. Mais on doit reconnaître aussi qu'il y a urgence à délibérer sur le cas du réseau national et qu'un renvoi à la session ordinaîre de printemps ent présenté des inconvénients sérieux. Nous aurons à revenir, à maintes reprises, et à plusieurs questions connexes. Aujourd'hui, nous nous bornerons à rappeler quelques faits et quelques dates, à titre de préambule. Comme nul ne l'ignore chez nous, les chemins

Comme nul ne l'ignore chez nous, les chemins Comme nul ne l'ignore chez nous, les chemins de fer n'ont pas été, à l'origine, une entreprise d'Etat : les premières lignes furent construites par des compagnies privées, mais l'idée de la nationalisation compta des adeptes dès le début et en acquit sans cesse de nouveaux, jusque vers la fin du siècle dernier. Les compagnies privées s'étaient rendues impopulaires le courant étatiste