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The Swiss Observer

THE OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE SWISS COLONY IN THE U.K. Founded in 1919 by Paul F. Boehringer

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BIRTHDAYS AND ANNIVERSARIES

On 1st March, Mr. F. G. Sommer, of 3 The Chestnuts, 66 Harestone Valley Road, Caterham, Surrey, will have his 85th birthday.

On 9th March, Mr. René Marchand, of 16 Hochrain, 2500 Bienne, Switzerland, will also celebrate his 85th birthday.

We wish both these old and faithful readers the best of health and many more years of happy retirement.

The following readers, too, are celebrating birthdays in the near future:

Mr. E. Hardmeier will be 89 on 3rd March, and Mr. L. Meier will have his 88th birthday on 5th March. Mrs. L. Gradmann will be 79 on the 8th of the month. Dr. H. W. Egli will be 78 and Mr. R. Chappuis 81 on 17th March. Mr. H. Vonwiller will have his 83rd birthday on the 20th of the month, and Mr. Albert Ferber will be 66 on the 29th. Mr. R. Senn will celebrate his 66th birthday on 30th March.

Many happy returns of birthdays and anniversaries to all concerned, including readers of whose birthdays we are not aware.

On the front page

Cross-country ski-ing will certainly give you a hearty appetite as the two people on the front cover have found out. A bowl of good soup will see them through until the next meal. Story and more pictures on pages 14 and 15. Photo by courtesy of SNTO.

PAUL BESSIRE, 80

On 20th March, Mr. Paul Bessire, of 28 Cumberland Road, SW13, will reach the grand age of 80, in very good health and spirits, we are glad to report.

Paul Bessire, one of six children, was born in Bienne, where he went to school and later to the Ecole de Commerce. He came to this country 62 years ago, and some three years later he started his own business here and it has developed into a firm of general export and import of some standing. The supply of mica to the Continent was one of his successful lines. In the war he was completely bombed out and had to start all over again. He did this with courage and enterprise and worked up a fine business in industrial diamond tools and exports of electrical accessories. He is still active in his company.

Right from the early days in Great Britain, Paul Bessire took a lively interest in the Swiss Church and in the midthirties, as a member of the Consistoire. he was in charge of renovating the Foyer Suisse in Bedford Place, an offshoot of the Swiss Church. Many of our compatriots in London will recall that the Foyer, too, was bombed in the war. He became a member of the City Swiss Club in 1920, he is now an Honorary Member. He is a member of the Swiss Mercantile Society and supports the Swiss Rifle Association. He joined the Nouvelle Société Helvétique, of whose Council he was a valued member for many years.

At a City Swiss Club event in the early twenties he met Antoinette Schupbach of the Neuchâtel branch of the old Emmental family, whose father was General Manager of the Crédit Lyonnais in London and later President of the City Swiss Club. They were married in London in 1930. They have two married daughters and four grandchildren.

SWISS CHURCHES

SERVICES EN FRANCAIS: à l'Eglise Suisse, 79 Endell Street, W.C.2, tous les dimanches a 11h15 et 19h00.

PASTEUR: Frank Orna-Ornstein, 7 Park View Road, London N.3. Tel: 01-346 5281.

- SERVICES IN GERMAN: at Eglise Suisse, 79 Endell Street, W.C.2, every Sunday at 10.00 a.m. Sunday school takes place on the first and the third Sunday in the month for children of all age groups. Children assemble in the church with their parents who attend the normal Service. Liturgical Service takes place every second Sunday in the month. Services also at John Southworth Centre, 48 Great Peter Street, SW1P 2HA, every Sunday at 6.30 p.m. MINISTER: Pastor Paul Jungi, 1 Womersley
- Road, N.8. Tel: 01-340 9740.
- SWISS CATHOLIC MISSION: John Southwark Centre, 48 Great Peter Street, London SW1P 2HA. Services at 6.30 p.m. for

Sundays: Services at 0.50 protection catholics and Protestants. See notice-bouse for details and location.

RESIDENCE OF CHAPLAIN: Bossard, Swiss Catholic Mission, 48 Great Peter Street (2nd floor), London SW1P 2HA. Tel: 01-222 2895.

For Information, Advice or Help contact the

SWISS WELFARE OFFICE

for young people

31 Conway Street London W1P 5HL telephone 01-387 3608

Underground Stations: Great Portland Street Warren Street

ARE YOU A YOUNG SWISS?

Do you know the biggest Swiss happening in town? The SWISS YOUTH CLUB, 48 GREAT PETER STREET, LONDON S.W. 1.

Every Sunday from 4 p.m. onwards the Swiss Youth Club under the auspices of the Swiss Churches in London is staging a "get-together" with a variety of happenings. From 4 p.m. to 6.30 p.m. "do-it-yourself" entertainment followed by an ecumenical Church service for those who wish to participate.

At 7.30 p.m. a communal dinner party opens a night of dancing and talking (In Schwizerdütsch). Refreshments are served at the bar by Club members.

Looking forward to seeing you! Committee of the Swiss Youth Club.

Paul Bessire has many interests; he has played a lot of tennis and golf and indulged in riding, and in his younger days enjoyed winning ski-ing prizes. He is a very keen gardener and loves carpentry.

One of Paul's great qualities is loyalty, and he is also a very modest man. I had great difficulty in getting his agreement that his birthday should get a special mention. But his many friends will want to wish him an enjoyable birthday and many happy returns. Good health and happiness together with his wife and family for many more years to come. MM

Swiss Rifle Association

The 1977 Bisley meetings will be held on: 24th April, 8th May, 22nd May, 5th June, 19th June, 4th September, 18th September and 2nd October.

Further details and applications for membership to: The Hon. Secretary, 58 Dickens Rise, Chigwell, Essex.



HOW THE ROMAN CONQUEST OF BRITAIN HELPED DEVELOPMENTS IN ANCIENT SWITZERLAND

IN his delightful recent after-dinner speech to the Anglo-Swiss Society the Geneva historian, Prof. Denis van Berchem, cast some interesting new light on the first stirrings of "modernisation" of life in very ancient times in the region of the lower Valais and the Lake of Geneva, thanks to the expansion of the Roman imperial power culminating in the conquest of Britain. We are privileged to offer our readers a slightly shortened version of his talk as follows.

My theme for tonight, Prof. van Berchem said, is related to the Roman conquest of Britain in the year 43 after Christ, originally planned by the Emperor Caligula but achieved only two years after his death under his successor Claudius. How this well-known event affected the destiny of Switzerland is well worth exploring. Speaking of Switzerland at that time is, of course, a glaring anachronism as that name did not come into use before the Middle Ages or even more recently.

But I cannot find a more suitable word to designate a territory which in Roman time was divided between several provinces and inhabited by various nationalities: the Helvetians on the actual Swiss plateau, the Rhetians in the Eastern regions and a mosaic of small tribes of Celtic, Ligurian or Illyrian stock in the Alpine valleys.

The Helvetians had been defeated by Caesar, but not immediately incorporated in the newly-created province of Gaul. They found themselves annexed under Augustus as a result of the conquest of Rhetia and of the whole of the Alps. Their territory had not the extent we find later. West Switzerland with the town of Avenches belonged to the Seguari still established on both sides of the Jura.

Very little is known of the Helvetians in the half-century corresponding to the reigns of Augustus and Tiberius. We have not a single inscription to throw any light on their social or political condition. Apart from a few places occupied by Roman forces we find no traces of imported wares. The townships were still built in wood and the material reflects Celtic civilisation.

Everything changes only with the accession of Claudius to the government of the Empire. Numerous inscriptions bear testimony of the rapid Romanisation, if not of the whole population, at least of the local aristocracy. New roads marked by milestones connect towns rebuilt in stone. Why all this change at that time? I may say with confidence

that it was the result of the opening of a new road over the Col du Grand St. Bernard, connecting through the valley of Aosta and the basin of the lake of Geneva Northern Italy with the Rhine Valley, North Gaul and the shores of the English Channel.

The Roman road builders were actually in no hurry to open up the Alpine passes. Caesar was apparently content using other longer routes for his repeated journeys and Augustus opened some Rhetic passes, such as the Brenner, east of present-day Switzerland, and in the west he had a road built over the Petit St. Bernard leading to Lyon. But the Grand St. Bernard, though used for centuries by traders, was at that time still completely neglected. Thus the Hel-vetians remained at a dead end and poorly developing until the new road over the Grand St. Bernard was opened to traffic at the very beginning of the reign of Claudius. There followed important territorial and political changes affecting the population of the areas concerned. The road was, of course, not built to please the Helvetians. It had to serve imperial needs, not least as the shortest way from Italy to Britain.

No doubt the opening of the campaign in Britain brought great anima-



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